Received By: mdsida

# 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

### Bill

Received: 11/10/2004

Wanted: As time permits				Identical to LRB:				
For: Fre	derick Kessle	r (608) 266-58	13		By/Representing: himself			
This file	may be shown	to any legislate	or: NO		Drafter: mdsida			
May Cor	ntact:			Addl. D		gmalaise		
Subject: Criminal Law - drugs					Extra Copies:	cmh		
Submit via email: YES						•		
Requeste	er's email:	Rep.Kessle	er@legis.sta	ite.wi.us				
Carbon o	copy (CC:) to:	robin.ryan	@legis.stat	e.wi.us				
Pre Top	oic:						·····	
No speci	fic pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1st offen	se possession o	of marijuana						
Instruct	ions:			······································				
See Atta	ched							
Drafting	g History:		***************************************					
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?	mdsida 11/17/2004 gmalaise 11/18/2004 mdsida 01/13/2005 gmalaise 01/14/2005	kfollett 11/22/2004 kfollett 01/18/2005	jfrantze 11/23/200	04	lnorthro 11/23/2004 mbarman 01/04/2005		S&L Crime	
<sup>′</sup> 1			jfrantze	***************************************	lnorthro	lemery		

**LRB-0741** 03/10/2005 09:22:45 AM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
			01/19/200	5	01/19/2005 Inorthro 01/19/2005	03/10/2005	
FE Sent I	For:			<end></end>			

Received By: mdsida

# 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

### Bill

Received: 11/10/2004

Wanted: As time permits  For: Frederick Kessler (608) 266-5813					Identical to LRB:				
					By/Representing: himself				
This file	e may be shown	to any legislato	r: NO		Drafter: mdsida				
May Contact:					Addl. Drafters:	gmalaise			
Subject	: Crimin	al Law - drugs			Extra Copies:	cmh			
Submit	via email: <b>YES</b>								
Reques	ter's email:	Rep.Kessle	r@legis.stat	e.wi.us					
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:	robin.ryan	@legis.state.	.wi.us					
Topic:	nse possession o								
See Atta	ached								
Draftin	g History:	***************************************				·			
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required		
<i>'</i> ?	mdsida 11/17/2004 gmalaise 11/18/2004 mdsida 01/13/2005 gmalaise 01/14/2005	kfollett 11/22/2004 kfollett 01/18/2005	jfrantze 11/23/2004	4	Inorthro 11/23/2004 mbarman 01/04/2005		S&L Crime		
1			jfrantze		lnorthro				

**LRB-0741** 01/19/2005 01:21:10 PM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
			01/19/20	05	01/19/2005 lnorthro 01/19/2005		
FE Sent	For:			<end></end>			

### 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 11/10/2004	Received By: mdsida
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Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Frederick Kessler (608) 266-5813 By/Representing: himself

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **mdsida** 

May Contact: Addl. Drafters: gmalaise

Subject: Criminal Law - drugs Extra Copies: cmh

Submit via email: **YES** 

Requester's email: Rep.Kessler@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to: robin.ryan@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

1st offense possession of marijuana

Instructions:

See Attached

**Drafting History:** 

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

FE Sent For:

Received By: mdsida

# 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

FE Sent For:

Received: 11/10/2004

Wanted: As time permits  For: kessler  This file may be shown to any legislator: NO  May Contact:  Subject: Criminal Law - drugs					Identical to LRB:  By/Representing: himself				
									Drafter: mdsida
					Addl. Drafters:	gmalaise			
					Extra Copies:	rlr, cmh			
Submit	via email: YES								
Request	ter's email:	rep.kessle	r@legis.sta	te.wi.us					
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:	robin.rya	n@legis.sta	te.wi.us					
Pre To	pic:								
No spec	cific pre topic g	iven							
Topic:							-		
1st offe	nse possession	of marijuana							
Instruc	etions:		· -		· .				
See Atta	ached								
Draftin	g History:	***************************************							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>		
/?	mdsida 11/17/2004 gmalaise 11/18/2004	kfollett 11/22/2004	jfrantze 11/23/20	004	lnorthro 11/23/2004				

**LRB-0741** 11/23/2004 11:46:19 AM Page 2

<END>

# 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 11/10/2004	Received By: mdsida
Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:
For: kessler	By/Representing: himself
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: mdsida
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters: GMM
Subject: Criminal Law - drugs	Extra Copies: rlr, cmh
Submit via email: NO	
Pre Topic:	
No specific pre topic given	
Topic:	
1st offense possession of marijuana	
Instructions:	
See Attached	
Drafting History:	
Vers. Drafted Reviewed Typed	Proofed Submitted Jacketed Required

FE Sent For:

mdsida

/?

<END>

Submitted

**Jacketed** 

Required

list of pos.

forfeiture = 25 9 \$1000 forfeiture Treat 2d offence as current 1st of



## State of Misconsin 2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0741(?)
MGD&GMM: King.

D-Note

### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

Man 11/29



AN ACT ...; relating to: possession of marijuana and providing a penalty.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

[nucl 1-2]

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# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 961.01 (4t) of the statutes is created to read:

961.01 (4t) "Controlled substance crime" means a felony or misdemeanor committed under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs.

SECTION 2. 961.01 (20m) of the statutes is created to read:

961.01 (20m) "Second or subsequent controlled substance crime" means a controlled substance crime if, prior to the offender's conviction for the crime, the offender has at any time been convicted of another controlled substance crime.

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MGD&GMM:. SECTION 3

SECTION 3. 961.41 (3g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.41 (3g) (c) Cocaine and cocaine base. If a person possess possesses or attempts to possess cocaine or cocaine base, or a controlled substance analog of cocaine or cocaine base, the person shall be fined not more than \$5,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail upon a first conviction and is guilty of a Class I felony for if the offense is a 2nd or subsequent offense. For purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent offense if, prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs controlled substance crime.

History: 1971 c. 219, 307; 1973 c. 12; 1981 c. 90, 314; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339, 403; 1989 a. 31, 56, 121; 1991 a. 39; 138; 1993 a. 98, 118, 437, 482; 1995 a. 201; 1995 448 ss. 243 to 266, 487 to 490; Stats, 1995 s. 961.41; 1997 a. 220, 283; 1999 a. 21, 32, 48, 57; 2001 a. 16, 109; 2003 a. 33, 49, 139, 320, 325, 327. **SECTION 4.** 961.41 (3g) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.41 (3g) (d) Certain hallucinogenic and stimulant drugs. If a person possesses or attempts to possess lysergic acid diethylamide, phencyclidine, amphetamine, methcathinone, psilocin or psilocybin, or a controlled substance analog of lysergic acid diethylamide, phencyclidine, amphetamine, methcathinone, psilocin or psilocybin, the person may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail or both upon a first conviction and is guilty of a Class I felony for if the offense is a 2nd or subsequent offense. For purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent offense if, prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs,

]	narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs
2	2 controlled substance crime.
. 6	History: 1971 c. 219, 307; 1973 c. 12; 1981 c. 90, 314; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339, 403; 1989 a. 31, 56, 121; 1991 a. 39; 138; 1993 a. 98, 118, 437, 482; 1995 a. 201; 199 a. 448 ss. 243 to 266, 487 to 490; Stata, 1995 s. 961.41; 1997 a. 220, 283; 1999 a. 21, 32, 48, 57; 2001 a. 16, 109; 2003 a. 33, 49, 139, 320, 325, 327.  SECTION 5: 961.41 (3g) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 961.41 (3g) (e) (intro.
4	and amended to read:
Ę	961.41 (3g) (e) (intro.) If a person possesses or attempts to possess
6	tetrahydrocannabinols included under s. 961.14 (4) (t), or a controlled substance
7	analog of tetrahydrocannabinols, the person may be penalized as follows:
8	2. If subd. 1. does not apply and the offense is not a 2nd or subsequent controlled
ç	substance crime, the person may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for no
10	more than 6 months or both <del>upon a first conviction and</del> .
11	3. If subd. 1. does not apply and the offense is a 2nd or subsequent controlled
12	substance crime, the person is guilty of a Class I felony for a 2nd or subsequen-
18	offense. For purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequen
14	offense if, prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time
18	been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute
16	of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled
17	substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or
18	hallucinogenic drugs.
19	History: 1971 c. 219, 307; 1973 c. 12; 1981 c. 90, 314; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339, 403; 1989 a. 31, 56, 121; 1991 a. 39; 138; 1993 a. 98, 118, 437, 482; 1995 a. 201; 199. a. 448 ss. 243 to 266, 487 to 490; Stats 1995 s. 961.41; 1997 a. 220, 283; 1999 a. 21, 32, 48, 57; 2001 a. 16, 109; 2003 a. 33, 49, 139, 320, 325, 327.  SECTION 6. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
20	961.41 (3g) (e) 1. If the person possesses or attempts to possess 25 grams or less
21	of tetrahydrocannabinols included under s. 961.14 (4) (t), or 25 grams or less of a
22	controlled substance analog of tetrahydrocannabinols, the person may be required
23	to forfeit not more than \$1,000. This subdivision does not apply if the person violates

Subdivision

this paragraph after having been found to have committed a violation punishable under this subdivision or after having been convicted of a 2nd or subsequent controlled substance crime.

SECTION 7, 961.475 of the statutes is amended to read:

961.475 Treatment option. Whenever any person pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession or attempted possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (3g), the court may, upon request of the person and with the consent of a treatment facility with special inpatient or outpatient programs for the treatment of drug dependent persons, allow the person to enter the treatment programs voluntarily for purposes of treatment and rehabilitation. Treatment shall be for the period the treatment facility feels is necessary and required, but shall not exceed the maximum sentence allowable unless the person consents to the continued treatment. At the end of the necessary and required treatment, with the consent of the court, the person may be released from sentence. If treatment efforts are ineffective or the person ceases to cooperate with treatment rehabilitation efforts, the person may be remanded to the court for completion of sentencing. This section does not apply to an offense punishable under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1.

History: 1971 c. 219, 336; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339; 1989 a. 121; 1993 a. 118; 1995 a. 448 s. 287; Stats. 1995 s. 961.475.

SECTION 8. 961.48 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.48 (1) (intro.) If a person is charged under sub. (2m) with a felony offense under this chapter that is a 2nd or subsequent offense as provided under sub. (3) controlled substance crime and the person is convicted of that 2nd or subsequent offense, the maximum term of imprisonment for the offense may be increased as follows:

History: 1971 c. 219; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339; 1989 a. 121; 1993 a. 98, 118, 482, 490; 1995 a. 402; 1995 a. 448 s. 288; Stats. 1995 s. 961.48; 1997 a. 35 ss. 340, 584; 1997 a. 220; 1999 a. 48; 2001 a. 109; 2003 a. 49.

SECTION 9. 961.48 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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961.48 (2m) (a) Whenever a person charged with a felony offense under this chapter may be subject to a conviction for a 2nd or subsequent effense controlled substance crime, he or she is not subject to an enhanced penalty under sub. (1) unless any applicable prior convictions are alleged in the complaint, indictment or information or in an amended complaint, indictment or information that is filed under par. (b) 1. A person is not subject to an enhanced penalty under sub. (1) for an offense if an allegation of applicable prior convictions is withdrawn by an amended complaint filed under par. (b) 2.

History: 1971 c. 219; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339; 1989 a. 121; 1993 a. 98, 118, 482, 490; 1995 a. 402; 1995 a. 448 s. 288; Stats. 1995 s. 961.48; 1997 a. 35 ss. 340, 584; 1997 a. 220; 1999 a. 48; 2001 a. 109; 2003 a. 49

SECTION 10. 961.48 (2m) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

961.48 (2m) (b) 1. Charges an offense as a 2nd or subsequent offense controlled

substance crime under this chapter by alleging any applicable prior convictions.

History: 1971 c. 219; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339; 1989 a. 121; 1993 a. 98, 118, 482, 490; 1995 a. 402; 1995 a. 448 s. 288; Stats. 1995 s. 961.48; 1997 a. 35 ss. 340, 584; 1997 a. 220; 1999 a. 48; 2001 a. 109; 2003 a. 49.

SECTION 11. 961.48 (2m) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

961.48 (2m) (b) 2. Withdraws the charging of an offense as a 2nd or subsequent offense controlled substance crime under this chapter by withdrawing an allegation of applicable prior convictions.

History: 1971 c. 219; 1985 a. 328; 1987 a. 339; 1989 a. 121; 1993 a. 98; 118, 482, 490; 1995 a. 402; 1995 a. 448 s. 288; Stats. 1995 s. 961.48; 1997 a. 35 ss. 340, 584; 1997 a. 220; 1999 a. 48; 2001 a. 109; 2003 a. 49.

SECTION 12. 961.48 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 13.** 961.495 of the statutes is amended to read:

961.495 Possession or attempted possession of a controlled substance on or near certain places. If any person violates s. 961.41 (3g) by possessing or attempting to possess a controlled substance included in schedule I or II, a controlled substance analog of a controlled substance included in schedule I or II or ketamine or flunitrazepam while in or on the premises of a scattered-site public housing project, while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of a state, county, city, village

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or town park, a jail or correctional facility, a multiunit public housing project, a swimming pool open to members of the public, a youth center or a community center, while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of any private or public school premises or while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of a school bus, as defined in s. 340.01 (56), the court shall, in addition to any other penalties that may apply to the crime, impose 100 hours of community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization. The court shall ensure that the defendant is provided a written statement of the terms of the community service order and that the community service order is monitored. Any organization or agency acting in good faith to which a defendant is assigned pursuant to an order under this section has immunity from any civil liability in excess of \$25,000 for acts or omissions by or impacting on the defendant. This section does not apply to an offense punishable under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1.

History: 1989 a. 31, 121; 1991 a. 39) 1993 a. 87, 118, 281, 490; 1995 a. 448 s. 290; Stats. 1995 s. 961.495; 1999 a. 57.

SECTION 14. Initial applicability.

renumbering and amendment The treatment of section 961.41 (3g) (e) of the statutes first ap

offenses committed on the effective date of this subsection.

(END)

D-Note

#### 2005–2006 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### (INSERT 1-2)

**SECTION 1.** 938.17 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.17 (2) (c) The citation procedures described in ch. 800 shall govern proceedings involving juveniles in municipal court, except that this chapter shall govern the taking and holding of a juvenile in custody and par. (cg) shall govern the issuing of a summons to the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. When a juvenile is before the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 upon a citation alleging the juvenile to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance, the procedures specified in s. 938.237 shall apply. If a citation is issued to a juvenile, the issuing agency shall notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian within 7 days. The agency issuing a citation to a juvenile who is 12 to 15 years of age for a violation of s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2) or an ordinance conforming to one of those statutes shall send a copy to an intake worker under s. 938.24 for informational purposes only.

History: 1995 a. 77, 352, 448; 1997 a. 205, 239, 258; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16.

SECTION 2. 938.17 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.17 (2) (d) If a municipal court finds that the juvenile violated a municipal ordinance other than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 or an ordinance that conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2), the court shall enter any of the dispositional orders permitted under s. 938.343 that are authorized under par. (cm). If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture imposed by the municipal court, the court may not impose a jail sentence but may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined

in s. 340.01 (40), for not more than 2 years. If a court suspends a license or privilege under this section, the court shall immediately take possession of the applicable license and forward it to the department that issued the license, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which shall thereupon return the license to the person.

History: 1995 a. 77, 352, 448; 1997 a. 205, 239, 258; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16.

SECTION 3. 938.17 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.17 (2) (e) If a municipal court finds that a juvenile violated a municipal ordinance that conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2), the court shall enter a dispositional order under s. 938.344 that is authorized under par. (cm).

History: 1995 a. 77, 352, 448; 1997 a. 205, 239, 258; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16.

SECTION 4. 938.34 (14r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (14r) (a) In addition to any other dispositions imposed under this section, if the juvenile is found to have violated adjudicated delinquent on the basis of a violation of ch. 961, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years. The court shall immediately take possession of any suspended license and forward it to the department of transportation together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension or revocation is for a violation of ch. 961.

History: 1995 a. 77, 352, 440, 448; 1997 a. 27, 35, 36, 84, 130, 164, 183, 205; 1999 a. 9, 32, 57, 89, 185; 2001 a. 16, 59, 69, 109; 2003 a. 33, 50, 200, 321.

SECTION 5. 938.34 (14s) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (14s) (a) (intro.) In addition to any other dispositions imposed under this section, if the juvenile is found to have violated adjudicated delinquent on the

basis of a violation of s. 961.41 (3g), the court shall order one of the following penalties:

History: 1995 a. 77, 352, 440, 448; 1997 a. 27, 35, 36, 84, 130, 164, 183, 205; 1999 a. 9, 32, 57, 89, 185; 2001 a. 16, 59, 69, 109; 2003 a. 33, 50, 200, 321. **SECTION 6.** 938.344 (2e) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

938.344 (2e) (am) If a court finds a juvenile committed a violation under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1. or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to that statute, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years and, in addition, shall order one of the following penalties:

- 1. For a first violation, a forfeiture of not more than \$50 or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g) or both.
- 2. For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, a forfeiture of not more than \$100 or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g) or both.
- 3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 or more previous violations, a forfeiture of not more than \$500 or the juvenile's participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under s. 938.34 (5g) or both.

SECTION 7. 938.344 (2e) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.344 (2e) (b) Whenever a court suspends a juvenile's operating privilege under this subsection, the court shall immediately take possession of any suspended license and forward it to the department of transportation, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for a violation under s. <u>961.41</u>

(3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2), or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to one of those statutes.

History: 1995 a. 77, 448; 1997 a. 84; 1999 a. 9 s. 3263; 1999 a. 109; 2001 a. 16. **SECTION 8.** 938.344 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.344 (3) If the juvenile alleged to have committed the violation is within 3 months of his or her 17th birthday, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 may, at the request of the district attorney or on its own motion, dismiss the citation without prejudice and refer the matter to the district attorney for prosecution under s. 125.07 (4). The juvenile is entitled to a hearing only on the issue of his or her age. This subsection does not apply to violations under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2) or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to one of those statutes.

History: 1995 a. 77, 448; 1997 a. 84; 1999 a. 9 s. 3263; 1999 a. 109; 2001 a. 16.

(END OF INSERT)

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0741/?dn MGD&GMM:./km/

Dute

Rep.-elect Kessler:

Under this bill, a first offense violation of the prohibition on the possession of marijuana is treated as a civil offense if the amount involved is 25 grams or less. A second marijuana offense is penalized in the same way as a first offense is under current law (i.e., as a misdemeanor), regardless of the amount involved, and a third or subsequent offense is a Class I felony. I was unsure, however, about how to treat possession of 25 grams or less of marijuana if the offender has prior misdemeanor or felony offenses involving marijuana or other drugs. For now, the bill provides that possession of 25 grams or less of marijuana remains a civil offense even if the person has one prior misdemeanor or felony drug conviction. If the person has two or more prior misdemeanor or felony drug convictions, the possession offense becomes a felony. Please let me know if that is consistent with your intent.

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9867

insert Gmm's dinote here

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0741/P1dngm/GMM...

Representative Kessler

You have requested a separate draft to amend the Juvenile Justice Code to provide for a forfeiture for a juvenile who possesses less than 25 grams of marijuana. After further review, however, s. 938.34 (14s) already provides for a \$50 forfeiture for a first drug possession violation, a \$100 forfeiture for a second drug possession violation, and a \$500 forfeiture for a third drug possession violation, with the option of staying the forfeiture and ordering the juvenile to submit to an assessment and participate in an education or treatment program. Accordingly, no separate draft is necessary to amend the Juvenile Justice Code to provide for such a forfeiture because that code already provides for it.

This draft, however, decriminalizes a first violation for possessing 25 grams or less of marijuana, that is, a first violation is no longer a crime, but rather a civil law violation. As such, s. 938.34 (14s), which is a delinquency disposition, would no longer apply. Accordingly, this draft creates s. 938.344 (2e) (am) to provide for a civil law violation disposition for possessing 25 grams or less of marijuana.

Gordon M. Malaise Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9738

E-mail: gordon.malaise@legis.state.wi.us

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0741/P1dn MGD&GMM:kjf:jf

November 23, 2004

### Rep.-elect Kessler:

Under this bill, a first offense violation of the prohibition on the possession of marijuana is treated as a civil offense if the amount involved is 25 grams or less. A second marijuana offense is penalized in the same way as a first offense is under current law (i.e., as a misdemeanor), regardless of the amount involved, and a third or subsequent offense is a Class I felony. I was unsure, however, about how to treat possession of 25 grams or less of marijuana if the offender has prior misdemeanor or felony offenses involving marijuana or other drugs. For now, the bill provides that possession of 25 grams or less of marijuana remains a civil offense even if the person has one prior misdemeanor or felony drug conviction. If the person has two or more prior misdemeanor or felony drug convictions, the possession offense becomes a felony. Please let me know if that is consistent with your intent.

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9867

You have requested a separate draft to amend the Juvenile Justice Code to provide for a forfeiture for a juvenile who possesses less than 25 grams of marijuana. After further review, however, s. 938.34 (14s) already provides for a \$50 forfeiture for a first drug possession violation, a \$100 forfeiture for a second drug possession violation, and a \$500 forfeiture for a third drug possession violation, with the option of staying the forfeiture and ordering the juvenile to submit to an assessment and participate in an education or treatment program. Accordingly, no separate draft is necessary to amend the Juvenile Justice Code to provide for such a forfeiture because that code already provides for it.

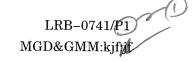
This draft, however, decriminalizes a first violation for possessing 25 grams or less of marijuana, that is, a first violation is no longer a crime, but rather a civil law violation. As such, s. 938.34 (14s), which is a delinquency disposition, would no longer apply. Accordingly, this draft creates s. 938.344 (2e) (am) to provide for a civil law violation disposition for possessing 25 grams or less of marijuana.

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## State of Misconsin 2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1/19



AN ACT to repeal 961.48 (3); to renumber and amend 961.41 (3g) (e); to amend 938.17 (2) (c), 938.17 (2) (d), 938.17 (2) (e), 938.34 (14r) (a), 938.34 (14s) (a) (intro.), 938.344 (2e) (b), 938.344 (3), 961.41 (3g) (c), 961.41 (3g) (d), 961.475, 961.48 (1) (intro.), 961.48 (2m) (a), 961.48 (2m) (b) 1., 961.48 (2m) (b) 2. and 961.495; and to create 938.344 (2e) (am), 961.01 (4t), 961.01 (20m) and 961.41 (3g) (e) 1. of the statutes; relating to: possession of marijuana and providing a penalty.

Analysis, nout

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### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **SECTION 1.** 938.17 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 9 938.17 (2) (c) The citation procedures described in ch. 800 shall govern 10 proceedings involving juveniles in municipal court, except that this chapter shall

3.

(9)

LRB-0741/P1 MGD&GMM:kjf:jf **SECTION 1** 

govern the taking and holding of a juvenile in custody and par. (cg) shall govern the issuing of a summons to the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. When a juvenile is before the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 upon a citation alleging the juvenile to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance, the procedures specified in s. 938.237 shall apply. If a citation is issued to a juvenile, the issuing agency shall notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian within 7 days. The agency issuing a citation to a juvenile who is 12 to 15 years of age for a violation of s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.41 (3g) (e) (1), 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2) or an ordinance conforming to one of those statutes shall send a copy to an intake worker under s. 938.24 for informational purposes only.

**Section 2.** 938.17 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.17 (2) (d) If a municipal court finds that the juvenile violated a municipal ordinance other than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 or an ordinance that conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2), the court shall enter any of the dispositional orders permitted under s. 938.343 that are authorized under par. (cm). If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture imposed by the municipal court, the court may not impose a jail sentence but may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not more than 2 years. If a court suspends a license or privilege under this section, the court shall immediately take possession of the applicable license and forward it to the department that issued the license, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of

suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which shall thereupon return the license to the person.

Section 3. 938.17 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.17 (2) (e) If a municipal court finds that a juvenile violated a municipal ordinance that conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2), the court shall enter a dispositional order under s. 938.344 that is authorized under par. (cm).

**SECTION 4.** 938.34 (14r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (14r) (a) In addition to any other dispositions imposed under this section, if the juvenile is found to have violated adjudicated delinquent on the basis of a violation of ch. 961, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years. The court shall immediately take possession of any suspended license and forward it to the department of transportation together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension or revocation is for a violation of ch. 961.

**SECTION 5.** 938.34 (14s) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (14s) (a) (intro.) In addition to any other dispositions imposed under this section, if the juvenile is found to have violated adjudicated delinquent on the basis of a violation of s. 961.41 (3g), the court shall order one of the following penalties:

**SECTION 6.** 938.344 (2e) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

938.344 (2e) (am) If a court finds a juvenile committed a violation under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1. or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to that statute, the court shall suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not

attorney for prosecution under s. 125.07 (4). The juvenile is entitled to a hearing only

on the issue of his or her age. This subsection does not apply to violations under s.

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961.41 (3g) (e) 1., 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2) or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to one of those statutes.

**Section 9.** 961.01 (4t) of the statutes is created to read:

961.01 (4t) "Controlled substance crime" means a felony or misdemeanor committed under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs.

**Section 10.** 961.01 (20m) of the statutes is created to read:

961.01 (20m) "Second or subsequent controlled substance crime" means a controlled substance crime if, prior to the offender's conviction for the crime, the offender has at any time been convicted of another controlled substance crime.

**SECTION 11.** 961.41 (3g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.41 (3g) (c) Cocaine and cocaine base. If a person pessess possesses or attempts to possess cocaine or cocaine base, or a controlled substance analog of cocaine or cocaine base, the person shall be fined not more than \$5,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than one year in the county jail upon a first conviction and is guilty of a Class I felony for if the offense is a 2nd or subsequent offense. For purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent offense if, prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs controlled substance crime.

**SECTION 12.** 961.41 (3g) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.41 (3g) (d) Certain hallucinogenic and stimulant drugs. If a person
possesses or attempts to possess lysergic acid diethylamide, phencyclidine,
amphetamine, methcathinone, psilocin or psilocybin, or a controlled substance
analog of lysergic acid diethylamide, phencyclidine, amphetamine, methcathinone,
psilocin or psilocybin, the person may be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned
for not more than one year in the county jail or both upon a first conviction and is
guilty of a Class I felony for <u>if the offense is</u> a 2nd or subsequent <del>offense</del> . For purposes
of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent offense if, prior to the
offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted of any
felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute of the United States
or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs,
narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs
controlled substance crime.

**SECTION 13.** 961.41 (3g) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 961.41 (3g) (e) (intro.) and amended to read:

- 961.41 (3g) (e) (intro.) If a person possesses or attempts to possess tetrahydrocannabinols included under s. 961.14 (4) (t), or a controlled substance analog of tetrahydrocannabinols, the person <u>may be penalized as follows:</u>
- 2. If subd. 1. does not apply and the offense is not a 2nd or subsequent controlled substance crime, the person may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both upon a first conviction and.
- 3. If subd. 1. does not apply and the offense is a 2nd or subsequent controlled substance crime, the person is guilty of a Class I felony for a 2nd or subsequent offense. For purposes of this paragraph, an offense is considered a 2nd or subsequent offense if, prior to the offender's conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time

been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to controlled substances, controlled substance analogs, narcotic drugs, marijuana, or depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs.

**SECTION 14.** 961.41 (3g) (e) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

961.41 (3g) (e) 1. If the person possesses or attempts to possess 25 grams or less of tetrahydrocannabinols included under s. 961.14 (4) (t), or 25 grams or less of a controlled substance analog of tetrahydrocannabinols, the person may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000. This subdivision does not apply if the person violates this subdivision after having been found to have committed a violation punishable under this subdivision or after having been convicted of a 2nd or subsequent controlled substance crime.

**SECTION 15.** 961.475 of the statutes is amended to read:

961.475 Treatment option. Whenever any person pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession or attempted possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog under s. 961.41 (3g), the court may, upon request of the person and with the consent of a treatment facility with special inpatient or outpatient programs for the treatment of drug dependent persons, allow the person to enter the treatment programs voluntarily for purposes of treatment and rehabilitation. Treatment shall be for the period the treatment facility feels is necessary and required, but shall not exceed the maximum sentence allowable unless the person consents to the continued treatment. At the end of the necessary and required treatment, with the consent of the court, the person may be released from sentence. If treatment efforts are ineffective or the person ceases to cooperate with treatment rehabilitation efforts.

1	the person may be remanded to the court for completion of sentencing. This section
2	does not apply to an offense punishable under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1.
3	SECTION 16. 961.48 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	961.48 (1) (intro.) If a person is charged under sub. (2m) with a felony offense
5	under this chapter that is a 2nd or subsequent offense as provided under sub. (3)
6	controlled substance crime and the person is convicted of that 2nd or subsequent
7	offense, the maximum term of imprisonment for the offense may be increased as
8 9	follows: Section 17. 961.48 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	961.48 (2m) (a) Whenever a person charged with a felony offense under this
11	chapter may be subject to a conviction for a 2nd or subsequent $\frac{1}{2}$
12	$\underline{\text{substance crime}}, \text{ he or she is not subject to an enhanced penalty under sub. (1) unless}$
13	any applicable prior convictions are alleged in the complaint, indictment or
14	information or in an amended complaint, indictment or information that is filed
15	under par. (b) 1. A person is not subject to an enhanced penalty under sub. (1) for
16	an offense if an allegation of applicable prior convictions is withdrawn by an
17	amended complaint filed under par. (b) 2.
18	SECTION 18. 961.48 (2m) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	961.48 (2m) (b) 1. Charges an offense as a 2nd or subsequent offense controlled
20	substance crime under this chapter by alleging any applicable prior convictions.
21	Section 19. 961.48 (2m) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
22	961.48 (2m) (b) 2. Withdraws the charging of an offense as a 2nd or subsequent
23	offense controlled substance crime under this chapter by withdrawing an allegation
24	of applicable prior convictions.
25	Section 20. 961.48 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

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**SECTION 21.** 961.495 of the statutes is amended to read:

961.495 Possession or attempted possession of a controlled substance on or near certain places. If any person violates s. 961.41 (3g) by possessing or attempting to possess a controlled substance included in schedule I or II, a controlled substance analog of a controlled substance included in schedule I or II or ketamine or flunitrazepam while in or on the premises of a scattered-site public housing project, while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of a state, county, city, village or town park, a jail or correctional facility, a multiunit public housing project, a swimming pool open to members of the public, a youth center or a community center. while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of any private or public school premises or while in or on or otherwise within 1,000 feet of a school bus, as defined in s. 340.01 (56), the court shall, in addition to any other penalties that may apply to the crime. impose 100 hours of community service work for a public agency or a nonprofit charitable organization. The court shall ensure that the defendant is provided a written statement of the terms of the community service order and that the community service order is monitored. Any organization or agency acting in good faith to which a defendant is assigned pursuant to an order under this section has immunity from any civil liability in excess of \$25,000 for acts or omissions by or impacting on the defendant. This section does not apply to an offense punishable under s. 961.41 (3g) (e) 1.

### SECTION 22. Initial applicability.

(1) The renumbering and amendment of section 961.41 (3g) (e) of the statutes and the creation of section 961.41 (3g) (e) 1. of the statutes first apply to offenses committed on the effective date of this subsection.

### 2005–2006 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### analysis INSERT

Current law prohibits the possession or attempted possession of marijuana (tetrahydrocannabinol). In general, a person who violates this prohibition is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than six months or both. But if the person is convicted of possessing or attempting to possess marijuana after having been convicted of any other controlled substance crime, the person is guilty of a Class I felony. He or she may then be fined of up to \$10,000 or sentenced to a term of imprisonment of up to three and a half years (which, if the sentence is for more than one year, includes a term of confinement and a term of extended supervision) or both. More severe penalties apply if the person is convicted of possessing or attempting to possess marijuana with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver it.

Current law also authorizes counties and municipalities to enact ordinances prohibiting the possession of 25 grams or less of marijuana. A violation of such an ordinance is a civil offense punishable by a forfeiture (a civil fine). The ordinance, however, cannot be used to prosecute a person who has previously been convicted of possessing marijuana.

This bill converts certain possession-of-marijuana offenses under state law from misdemeanors into civil offenses. Under the bill, if a person possesses or attempts to possess 25 grams or less of marijuana, the person may be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000. Existing criminal penalties, however, still apply if: 1) the person has previously been found to have committed a civil possession-of-marijuana offense under state law; 2) the person has previously been convicted of a separate controlled substance crime; or 3) the person has previously been convicted of a felony.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

Fresh

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STATE OF WISCONSIN - LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - LEGAL SECTION (608-266-3561)nset 4-s Noth This paragraph does not apply if the juverile violates local ordinance that atrictly conforms to that atatate 961, 41 (3) (8). Later having been foind to have committed a violation punishable under this paragraph after having been convicted for adjudicated delinquent for subsequent controlled substance crime, as , 31 (2 sm) or after having been adjudicated delinquent for any felony under this paragraph courts purposes of Purposes & s. 938.34 (145 (coldings)

### Emery, Lynn

From: Sent:

Little, Sharon

Thursday, March 10, 2005 9:19 AM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft review: LRB 05-0741/1 Topic: 1st offense possession of marijuana

It has been requested by <Little, Sharon> that the following draft be jacketed for the ASSEMBLY:

Draft review: LRB 05-0741/1 Topic: 1st offense possession of marijuana